MINERS NOW IN IT

STRIKING COAL WORKERS MARCH ON WASHINGTON.

Illinois Sets the Ball Rolling With a Nucleus of Several Thousand Men Who Are Already on the Tramp and Who Expect to Gather Moss as They Go. News From the Coxey Brigades in All Sections of the Country.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., April 26.-This afternoon a new Industrian army started on the march and before it reaches its destination the outlook is that it will be larger than all the Commonweal and Industrials of Coxey and Kelly put together. A big army of miners left here this after-noon for Toluca, Charles Devlin's new mining town, where some 500 men are working in the mines. Nearly 4 000 men moved from this city and other mines simultaneously, marching into neighbor-ing mining camps. Ladd sent a delega-Five commissary wagous were filled with food, the contribution of business men. Fred Knowles is com-mander-in-chief of the forces. He has issued an order that no one would be allowed to carry arms. The sheriff of Marshall county with fifty deputies is at Toluca awaiting the Spring Valley army.

Center of Interest.

TOLUCA, III., April 27.-The little mining village of Toluca, situated in the heart of a vast prairie, in Marshall county, is wike awake this (Friday) morning. An army of nearly 5,000 coal miners from Epring Valley, Laceyville, Ladd, Bentonville, La Salle, Peru and Oglesby have gene into camp at 1 a. m., at what is known as the Big Sandy, four and a half miles north of this place. The army was accompanied by seven brass bands, a life and drum corps brass bands, a fife and drum corps and seven commissary wagons, the con-tributions of the business men of Soring Valley and vicinity. Food was distributed to the army, at this place, and a riot al-most ensued among the men. The throngs elimbed upon the wagons and those who had charge of the distribution had great difficulty in managing the hunger winers.

difficulty in managing the bungry miners. The army is commanded by Fred Knowles. At Mount Palatine an attempt was made by the leaders to hold a mass meeting but the men were so anxious to march on to Toluca that orders failed to get their

At 11 o'clock at night General Knowles and there the men are now camped. Au order to march will be given at 4 a. m. The program when they arrive at Tolucca at 6a, m. is to call a mass meeting imme-diately and try to use moral sussion upon the Teluca miners to quit work and help the cause. Many of the miners are old men and there are some women among them. Besides the commissary wagons there are nearly a hundred teams containing people making the trip through curi-osity, making the procession nearly three miles long. Some are very bot headed, but it is believed the leaders can noid

Commander Knowles immediately upon

twought after the coal miners army leaves and the men are willing to go to work

TROUBLE ANTICIPATED. Sheriff Lenz Asks for Military Assistance to Control Strikers.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 26 .- Acting Governor Gill at 10 o'clock received the following telegram from Sheriff Lenz, of Marsball county, sent from Toluca:

anticipated trouble and personally investileft on the midnight train accom-

panied by Assistant Adjutant General Boyle.

progress of the strike.

Forsythe, Mont., April 26.—Midnight last night saw the end of the Butte contingent of the Coxey army that was marching on to Washington. For sixty hours all traffic on the Northern Pacific had been stopped in this state, and during all that time a train had been running wild from the mountains to this point.

there. Three thousand Coxeyites will be concentrated at Hooker Junction, nine miles east of here, by Sanday.

SEATTLE, Wasa., April 26.—The Industrial army is in camp just south of the city limits. Tomerrow morning the army will march to Kent, about fifteen miles distant. It is unlikely that the men will try to capture a train before they are joined by the Tacoma contingent. where it was taken in charge where it was taken in charge last night by Colonel Page, with five hundred men from Ft. Keogh. This place is 43 miles west of the fort, and the military had been ordered to hold themselves in readiness to intercept the train when it arrived at that point. Later, the many charge of the army are prosperous men in most of the army are prosperous men in



restorer, and fiesh-builder that's known to medical science. For every disease that has to be reached through the blood, like Con-sumption, for Scrofula in all its forms, Weak Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all severe, lingering Coughs, it is the only guaranteed remedy. If it deem't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

found the stolen train standing at the depot. The Commonweal brake man flagged the train and when told by Superintend eat Dorsey that the troops were on board tersely remarked: "Well the jig's up." tersely remarked: "Well the jig's up."
The soldiers lined up on the platform
beside the Coxey train and the Montana commune was summoused to surrender. It was scarcely a necessary command, and they promptly obeyed. The Common-wealers' train consisted of fourteen cars, was scarcely a necessary command, and they promptly obeyed. The Commonwealers' train consisted of fourteen cars, one well filled with provisions, one with railway tools, one with coal and the other eleven cars carrying men. Each car carried from 30 to 40 men, together with their baggage, camp equipage, etc., making a total of about 400 men. The men were a hard looking set, whether altogether natural or from their recent experience it would be hard to say.

In a short time their train had been side tracked and put under guard.

"General" Hogan, Conductor Wiley and Engineer Cleveland were put in a box car by themselves. Soon two sections of the passenger train came in from the west and the conductor reported a large number of Coxey recruits who refused either to leave the trains or pay fare, and the military

Coxey recruits who refused either to leave the trains or pay fare, and the military promptly took charge of these also. There were nearly 100 of them. Before leaving Miles City last night the authorities had warrants sworn out for General Hogan, Lieutenant Pat Meany. Conductors Smith and Wiley, Engineers Olney and Cleveland, and ten others, charged with grand larceny in stealing a box car of tools and a car of coal. A box car of tools and a car of coal. A further charge of burglary will also prob-ably be entered against them as soon as the government reaches them. The Com-monwealers are still here and will be here until tomorrow, awaiting orders from the

THE MAIN ARMY.

HYATTSTOWN, Md., April 26.—Coxey and his followers marched out of Frederick about 9 o'clock this merning. The old town turned out to see the start. Mee, women and children flucked on the streets and at the camp grounds. The Independent drum corps of Frederick accompanied the Commonwealers on their start.

The Irail today lay southward over the Georgetown turnolke and the tramp of eleven miles from Frederick to this little hamlet was over the best roads wat trodden by the Commonwealers. The reached

by the Commonwealers. The reached bere about 8 o'clock and went into camp. The camp of the night is name "Hen-rietta," which is the name of Mrs. Coxey. Supper tonight was turnished from the commissary wagons. The breakfast to-morrow will come from the stock supply and the tramp will again be taken up for Gaithersburg, nine miles from here.

A WET BLANKET.

District Commissioners Refuse Permis sion for Open Air Meetings in the Capitol.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The District commissioners cast a damper over the local supporters of Coxey's movement today by refusing them permission to hold open air meetings. It had been expected by the enthusiasts that these meetings would draw converts and cash contributions for the cause. The Coxevites are angered at

The event of the day was the advent of the Citizen George Francis Train, who predicts we are on the verge of the biggest revolution the world has ever seen, and the Jeff Davis matter won't be an item in comparison with it.

The authorities in charge of the capitol

buildings are now considering the advisa-bility of formally surrandering their au-thority to the District of Columbia and asking that a sufficient protection be given by the police force of the city. Major Moore of the city police force has promised ample reinforcements if necessary. An Odd Fellows procession attempted to

march through the capitol grounds today Commander Knowles immediately upon the arrival of his men will interview and was turned back at the entrance by Mayor Twist and attempt to get him to issue an order closing the saloons, as it is feared that if some of the men get too much liquor serious damage will result.

At Toluca the situation is regarded in a serious light, and anticipating trouble the arrival doubtless prove a precedent if Devlin Coal company ordered the mines shut dawn yesterday afternoon, but it is thought after the coal miners army leaves thought after the coal miners army leaves.

ANOTHER CONTINGENT

CRESTED BUTTE, Col., April 26,-A meeting of the citizens of this city was held to-day at which 250 persons signed articles endorsing the Coxey movement and organizing a contingent of Coxey's army reserve The army will number 250 men.

COLD SHOULDER FEAST.

ORCHARD, Col., April 26,-General Grayson's army came into town this afterno with flags flying. It

"Three thousand armed strikers from Spring Valley, La Salle and Peru are here. I auticipate trouble and possibly bloodshed. Feeling unable to meet them, I respectfully call upon you for five or six full companies of militia. Send them from Chicago or Joliet. The Santa Fewill have a special train waiting for them at either point. Try to get them here by 30 o'clock, if possible. Answer quick."

Governar Gill telegraphed that he did not think he was warranted in calling out the militia, as he had no proof that the strikers were armed or have yet, or are likely to, become riotens; but that he would leave tonight for the scene of the anticipated trouble and personally investivate the matter trouble and personally investivate the militing trouble train tonight. The ladustrials were not very cordially received; no preparations had been made by the people for their entertainment.

CLASH OF AUTHORITY.

PORTLAND, Ore. April 25.—The Industrial army, about 600 strong, camped at Troutdale, 18 miles from here, took possession of the Union Pacific station and drove out the operator this morning. As the news reached this city attorneys for the Union Pacific applied to Judge Bellinger of the United States court, for an injunction restraining the army from intervent train tonight. ger of the United States court, for an in-junction restraining the army from inter-fering with the company's property. United States Marshal Grady left at 2 o clock on a special train for Troutdale, where he served the order on "General" Adjutant General Orendorff was notified Kanass City, Mo.

Scheffler, leader of the army. Late this afternoon Sheriff Kelly requested Governor Pennoyer to order the militia to idnight for Toluca, having received a Troutdale, but the governor refused to

THE WASHINGTONIANS.

THE JIG'S UP.

The Hogan Legion Broken Up-Its

Leaders Under Arrest.

The Washing Towns.

Tacoma, Wash., April 26.—The Tacoma contingent of the Industrial army announces that it will start Saturday. Market Drake sent deputy marshals to Seattle today to reinforce those now there. Three thousand Coxylies will be concentrated at Hooker Junction nine.

when it arrived at that point. Later, however, it was learned that the Hoganites had prepared to stop over night at Forsythe and the troops were bundled on a special train and started for the place. When they arrived at 11:20 o'clock they

CRIPPLE CREEK LEGION

CRIPPLE CHEEK, April 26.-A legion of Coxey's industrial army was organized in Rotterdam. this city tonight, fifty men subscribing to the roll. S. Sanders, late of San Francisco and a personal friend of General Kelly, was put in command. He says he expects to leave this city within a week with at least 300 men. General Sanders is a fine specimen of manhood, has a soldierly bearing, a sharp eye and is fairly well educated,

FRY'S BETHEL.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 26.-General Fry and local representatives of the labo organizations called on Governor Matthews this afternoon. They were cordially received by the governor, who said he Langs, Broachitis, Asthma, and all severe, lingering Coughs, it is the only guaranteed inpering Coughs, it is the only guaranteed meet while in Indiana. He said he believed that the people of Indianapolis would keep the army in provisions while it remained here. General Fry said he would leave for Remody know that their medicine perfectly and permanently cures Catarrh. To prove it to you, they make this offer: If they can't to you, they make this offer: If they can't cure your Catarrh, no matter what your caterity, no matter what your caterity, no matter what your an admission fee of 10 cents to his lectures.

In proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh To prove it to you, they make this offer: If they can't the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh To prove it to you, they make this offer: If they can't the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh To prove that their medicine perfectly and make specches. It is his intention to stake a large tent and charge an admission fee of 10 cents to his lectures.

In proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh To prove that their medicine perfectly and make specches. It is his intention to stake a large tent and charge an admission fee of 10 cents to his lectures.

In proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh To prove that their medicine perfectly and sound discretion.

"Ido therefore consider, order and adjudge that you, the said J. J. Burke, and you the said F. E Brown, and each of you, are guilty of cantempts of this court and it is the member of the house of commons, is dead.

THE PRESIDENTS RETREAT.

OMABA, Neh., April 25.—A special to understood President and Mrs. Cleveland of the said J. J. Burke, and you the said J. J. Burke and you the said J. J. Burke and you the said J. J. Burke and sound discretion.

"Ido therefore consider, order and adjudge that you, the said J. J. Burke, and you the said J. J. Burke and sound discretion.

"Ido therefore consider of the longist cent and sound discretion.

"Ido therefore consider. The prove that you the said J. J. Burke, and you the said J. J. Burke and sound d hoped the army will receive good treat-ment while in Indiana. He said he be-lieved that the people of Indianapolis would keep the army in provisions while

UNCLE SAM READY. WASHINGTON, April 25.—In view of the reports from Idaho that a Coxey army is organizing in the Coeur d'Alene mining organizing in the Coeur d'Alene mining district in the northern part of the state, and that an attempt may be made to seize a train, Attorney General Olney, after a conference with Senator Dubous this afternoon, sent a telegram to the United States marshal of Idaho, similar to those sent to the marshals of Montana. In case of his inability to prevent violations of the law he is directed to telegraph the facts to the president and ask the assistance of the United States troops.

APPROACHING CRISIS.

Kelly's Followers Tire of Tramping and Swear They Will Ride.

ADAIR, Ia., April 26.-The Rock Island officials anticipate serious trouble with the Industrial army tonight; the camp, depuexcitement over what it is feared is an ap proaching crisis. Over 160 men of the Sacramento division asserted tonight that they would walk no further and announced they had determined to ride, and to ride on a Rock Island train. The Rock Island wired east and west for additional men and a good sized force of burly railroaders will accompany every train that moves to-morrow. About 9 o'clock Yard Master Hamilton Char Management and the control of the the A Hamilton of the Des Moines railroad took several assistants and distributed through as Kelly's camp a circular signed by Divission Superintendent Stillwell, which says

Masonic Hall this afternoon. The audience was about evenly divided between those who sympathised with the Coxeyites and those who came to be entertained by the psychic philosopher. He said he did not belong to any of the armies now advancing on to Washington, he being in fact a whole army himself, but he had undertaken to see that the people were allowed a hearing in Washington. He had hired two halls and had tendered them to Coxey, Brown, Fry and Kelly by telegraph, guaranteeing to them that they should be allowed to speak.

PLASTERS

If you are thinking about buying a plaster, remember that you will place it upon your body and cannot get a plaster that will be too good for you.

Allcock's Porous Plaster is the best plaster made. Your druggist may have some other plaster on his shelves which he is anxious to get rid of, or else some worthless imitation purchased at a low price for the purpose of substitution. Do not accept his "Just as good" plea; insist upon having the genuine. ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER has no equal. BRANDRETH'S PILLS can always be relied

AS TO SAMOA

Press is informed that correspondence between the governments of Great Reitian United States and Germany in regard to the British colony of New Zealand ad-ministering the affairs of Samoan islands is proceeding. It is added the governments of the three powers have not arrived at a point which makes it possible to convoke a conference on the subject.

Thomas Esmonde has given notice that in the house of commons he will ask the government to give its assent to the annex-ation of the Samoan islands to New Zeal-and, the Samoans themselves having repeatedly given expression to their approval of such administration of their govern

NEW CHILEAN CABINET.

LONDON, April 26.—The Times Chilean advices are to the effect that Senor Eqmidnight for Toinea, having received a telegram from Streator late tonight that 500 miners, mostly Hungarins and Italians were ready to proceed to Toinea and drive the miners there from the mines.

The state miners conference adjourned today after passing resolutions pledging all delegates to work for the success of the miners strike; to prevent, if possible, any miners from going to work, and to protect the lives and property of all during the progress of the arguing and to the progress of the arguing the mark.

Senor Pasto formed a ministry as follows: Minister of the interior, Senor McLover, finance, Senor Pricto; public works, Senor Valdez, foreign affairs, Senor Fonte-comption.

VANCOUVER, April 25,—Instructions were received today at the department of the Columbia to hold five companies of United States toops in readiness to march. State received today at the department of United States toops in readiness to march april 4, which resigned the next day. In that cabinet Senor McIver held the portrelative to the United States court relative to the threatened capture of a Union Pacific train near Troutdale. rique Melver has formed a ministry as

NEW ZEALAND WANTS SAMOA. SYDNEY, N. S. W., April 26.—The governors of the colonies of Victoria, Tas-

mania and South Australia have cabled to their representatives in London in structing the latter to support New Zea land in its request to assume the admin-istration of the Samoan Islands.

THE EVOLUTION Of medical agents is gradually relegating the oid-time herbs, pills, draughts and

vegetable extracts to the rear and be vegetable extracts to the rear and bringing isotogeneral use the pleasant and effective liquid laxative. Syrup of Figs. To get the true remedy see that it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only. For sale by all leading drugg.ses. STEERAGE RATE WAR.

New York, April 26.—The steerage rate were between the British and the Condinental Steamship companies goes merrily on. It was rumored today among the agents that the Cunard line proposes to secure the traffic from central European and other points that comes through the ports of Rotterdam and Amsterdam by making the rate \$15 from that place yis Liverpool. This virtually makes the fare from Liverpool \$5.75, as it costs the remainder to bring the passengers from Rotterdam.

OBITUARY.

course, and I shall take medicine along with the curry. Having shown no legal cause and having thus refused the unexampled lender of consideration, I have this more to say. It is impossible for a newspaper editor to commit a more flagratic contempt under all the circumstances than you committed in this case.

Your punishment should be to the number of proposes that this courts would differ. Some courts might believe one year in juil and \$1,000 should be infleted; others that nine months would be sufficient, and on down to lesser punishment.

at Mount Oliver cemetery today. Fifty friends followed the claimant to the grave. The pail bearers were Senators Huuton and Teller, Representatives Money of Missississippi, O'Neil of Massachuchetta, O'Neill of Missouri, Judge J. J. Nash, Colonel John Eunis, E. M. Ayers and Luke Deviin. LONDON, April 26. - William McCollough

long time member of the house of com

Torrens, the well-known author and for a

Vigilants Near

Coal Creek

Et Reno, O. T. April 26 .- [Special]-

Over one hundred and fifty Odd Fellows vere assembled in this city today to celebrate the 75th auniversary of their order Ei Reno may well feel proud of the man-ner in which it received and entertained its guests. They were met at the Choctaw and Rock Island depots by their El Reno brethren and were driven through the city led by the 3rd Cavalry band of Ft. Reno, several aesistant- and distributed through Kelly's camp a circular siened by Division Superintendent Stillwell, which says in Superintendent Stillwell, which says in Superintendent Stillwell, which says in Tireats having been made that a train of the superintendent Stillwell, which says in Tireats having been made that a train of the superintendent of the purpose of running the same over the tracks of this company, softler is hereby given that in case any such seizure occurs and an attempt is made to run such ratio on the tracks of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and of our employes, the passage of this company, for the safety of public travel and to the public travel and to the public travel and to the public travel and Amongst those most prominent were Grand Master Chas. A. Newman of this

MORTAL COMBAT.

Desperate Encounter Between Marshal's Posse and Bandits-Three Killed Several Wounded.

COAL CREEK, I. T., April 26 -[Special.] A hard fight took place near here this morning between a part of the Daltons and Doolin gang and United States marshals and vigilants. Three of the gang were wounded, one mortally. One of the marshals is badly shot and three of the vigilants were killed. Their names as near as can be learned are Wm. Ross, Jack Hall and a man named Hammond. The latter was from Kansas and a Grand Army

SCOTT'S DECREE.

The Judge Reads the Press a "Moral Lee ture" Before Passing Sentence Upon Edi ors Burke and Brown

OKLAHOMA CITY. April 26 .- (Special)-The absorbing topic of conversation on the streets is the Burke and Brown case The jail was thronged yesterday with LONDON, April 26.—The Associated friends of the gentlemen. Following is summary of the decree of the court:

This is an original action for contempt in the district court for t third judicial district against t defendants J. J. Burke and E. Brown, publishers of the Oklahor Times Jouris, a daily newspaper pub-lished to Oslahoma City, Oklahoma county, Oklahoma territory, in the juris-

diction of this court.

An information was filed on the 231 day of February, A. D. 1884, and after a hearing thereon, the disendants were mijudged guilty of contempt and held for judgment and sentence of court therediction of this court.

liefore proceeding to pronounce judg-ment Judge Scottsaid he felt, in view of the deep interest and concern apparently the deep interest and concern apparently manifested in the case, as well as in the case of the Territory of Oklahoma vs. Frank McMaster, that it would not be inappropriate to deliver a few remarks, notwithstanding some portions of the remarks of the court would be a transgression of the record in the case. He then delivered a lengtuy dissertation upon the prerogatives of the court and the liberty of the press, and dwelt upon the abuse of the said liberty by a portion of the press of Oklahoma is unduly, and apparently for partisan and personal ends, criticising the acts of the court in a manner designed to bring it into public contempt. At the conclusion of his prepared address Judge Scott, addressing Messrs. Burke and Brown, said:

Brown, said:

Brown, said:
Gettlemen, have either or both of you anything to submit, or have you any legal cause to show why I should not pronounce judgment upon you?

Mr. Brown replied: "All these matters alleged to be contempt of this court were published in the absence of Mr. Burke. He was out of the city and knew nothing about them and was not in the city until two days after. I have no apology to make."

By the court: "Mr. Burke, what have you to say 3"
Mr. Burke: "May it please your honor,
I have no apology to make. I am one of
the publishers of the Times-Journal, of
course, and I shall take medicine along

OBITUARY.

Washington, April 26.—William McGarraban the claimant, who died in
Providence bospital Monday, was buried

OBITUARY.

With this court it should be simply a question of your physical and financial ability to bear the penalty, for certainly now the infliction of purishment shall not

i now the infliction of purishment shall not become a farce, and coubtless you will be compelled to suffer the full judgment of the court to the letter.

"In view of the fact that you could be beid to answer for at least 100 cases of contempt the court will inflict upon you an unusually light sentence, but will state now that if, after its execution, you continue your assents upon this court, your punishment on other charges will only be limited by the exercise of moderare and sound discretion.

D. T. ODD FELLOWS

ginning at noon this day, the 25th of April, 1894, and that you the said April, 1894, and that you the said J. J. Burke and you, the said E. E. Brown, and each of you, pay a fine of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250.00) into this court and into the hands of the clerk thereof, to be applied and directed as required by law, in such cases made and provided, and that in default of the immediate payment of the said fine herein judged against you, and each of you, that you the said J. J. Burke and you the said E. E. Brown be, and it is hereby ordered and adjudged that you and each of you, that you the said J. J. Burke and you the said E. E. Brown, and each of you, that you the said J. J. Burke and you the said E. E. Brown be, and it is hereby ordered and adjudged that you and each of you be furture imprisoned in the jail aforesaid until you the said E. Brown, and each of you pay the said fine; and that a commitment and warrant of authority issue for the wind and be placed in the hands of the sheriff of said Oklahoma county to carry this judgment into immediate effect and execution."

ANYLOHUCCO LEACHE INCLE SAM

TO SAVE UNCLE SAM

TO SAVE UNCLE SAM

PLAN PROPOSED FOR READJUST.

MENT OF CLAIM'S AGAINST U. P.

Attorney General Olney Submits Bill For Reorganization of the Rail-road Company by Which the Government Will Secure a property of Road and Have the Benefit of a Sink-ing Fund

ANTI-CHILOCCO LEAGUE, NEWKIEK, O. T., April 26.-[Special.]-A meeting has been called by the Anti Chilocco League for Saturday, May 5, at For & Jenkins' hall in Newkirk, county K, O. T. All those interested in the work of the league as also all who are interested in the final and early aettlement of the vexed question of entries from this recervation, are earnestly invited to attend said meeting. By order of committee.

DON'T WANT ANY BLANKET. CHANDLER, O. T., April 26.—Waiter Battico, secretary of the Sac and Fox tribe,
and his wife, the daughter of Makoushatoo, chief of the tribe, were divorced yesterday. Battico is a civilized Indian and
a grasinate of a Virginia minitary college
and could not endure the "blanket" customs of his uncivilized spouse.

WEATHER BULLETIN. Weather for Wichita today-Warmer and fair until Saturday. Highest temperature yesterday.

Mean Average for month thus far.... April average, past five years. Average for 28th day... During the past twenty-four hours there was cloudy weather, light winds generally south-

FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.
WASHINGTON, April 25.—Following is the forecast up to 8 p. m. Friday:
For Oklahoma—Slightly cloudy weather and local showers; southwest winds, slightly

cooler in western portion. For Kansas-Local showers; south winds shifting to westerly; cooler Friday night. For Colorado-Fair in south; local rains folwed by fair in north portion; cooler westerly

RAINS IN SOUTHWEST. KINGMAN, Kan., April 26.-[Special.]good rain fell throughout this region

this afternoon and at 4 p. m., is still fall-ing in the direction of Harper and Well-THREE LINKS. Odd Fellows Celebrate the Anniversar

of the Founding of the Order. KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 26. -One thous and uniformed Odd Fellows are in the city today from all over Missouri and Kansas to celebrate here the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of their society. Local cantons escorted visiting brothers on parade and all assembled at the auditorium, where, this afternoon, exercises were held. The program included an invocation by Bishop B. B. Usher, an address of welcome by Mayor Webster Davis and response by Grand Master T. T. Parsons of St. Louis, and addresses by W. R. Jewell of Dauville, Ili., and General Alfred Orendorff of Springfield, Ili. The Daughters of Rebekan are also here in force to celebrate the anniversary.

The principal event of the day was the banquet at the Midland hotel tonight. Covers for 330 were laid. The toast for the on parade and all assembled at the audi-

dorff of Springfield, Iil. The Daughters of Rebekan are also here in force to celebrate the auniversary,

The principal event of the day was the banquet at the Midland hotel tonight, Covers for 300 were laid. The toast for the banquet included: "The future of Odd Feriowship in Missouri," T. T. Parsons, "The Patriarchs Militant," Alfred Oreadorff; "The Order in its relations to tue State," E. M. Sloau; "Rebekans; their relation to Odd Fellows," Mrs. E. S. Pike; "Our Neighbor, the City of St. Louis," C. P. Walbridge; "Kansas City, Kansas," N. P. Barnes; "The Encampment and its relation to the Subordinate Lodges," W. S. Missemer.

A ball was given at the Casino for those

A ball was given at the Casino for those who preferred to dance.

In Louisville. Louisville, Ky., April 26.-The celebra night appropriate ceremonies were held in the Music hall, the chief festures being addresses by Deputy Grand Sire J. W. Stebbens of Rochester, and Mrs. Elizabeth Pullips, head of the Rebeka lodges of the

country.

PUEBLO, Colo., April 25 —The seventy-first aunifersary of the order of Old Feliows was observed here today, excursions goming in from all parts of the state. A parade, competitive drill, an address by Grand Chaplain Van Valkenberg and a ball were the features. The degree of bull were the features. The degree of chivalry was conferred upon Colonel G. K. Hipper, past grand commander.

At the Capital. Washington, April 26.—The Odd Fel-lows of Washington celebrated 75th anni-versary of the establishment of the order United States today by a parad and speech making in the afternoon and a bail in the evening. The speeches were by the Grand Master, C. H. Mansur, and

Senator Martin of Kansas.

CHICAGO, April 26.—The Odd Fellows of Chicago tonight celebrated the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the order. The principal feature was the address of G. T. Campbell, grand sire of the order in America. At the conclusion of Mr. Campbell's address, a ball was held in the armory of the Second intantry.

In Baltimore.

Baltimons, Md., April 26.—Today marks the 75th anniversary of the Diamond event as it has been termed, of the American Odd Feilowship, and it was celebrated here, the birth place of the order, and the bome of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of the world, with imposing ceremonies.

In the morning a committee of ladies In the morning a committee of langes decorated the monument to Grand Secretary James L. Ridgway, in Harlem park; in the afternoon there was a fine mintary and civic parade through the principal streets to the Wildey monument on Broadway, where an siddress was delivered by Congressman James G. McGuire of Cali-fornia. Tonight a musical and literary entertainment was given at the temple, with an address by Hon. George L. Weil-

ing Pund as Well.

WASHINGTON, April 26 -- Attorney Gen-

mated at sufficient to extinguish the debt at the maturity of the bonds.

3. The debt of the United States to the amount of \$50,000,000 is to be paid in 2 per cent 100 year bonds, secored by second mortgage on all the present, and in future to be acquired, proptery of the company, and further secured by a provision for a sinking fund of such amount that the annual payment on account of it and interest in these bonds shall always equal the sum of \$1,650,000.

From this agreement the United

sum of \$1.650,000.

From this arrangement the United States receives great advantage, according to the attorney general. Its debt becomes secured by all the property of the company over 8,000 miles of road, whereas the only assured lien of the United States is now confined to 1,482 miles of road. The United States debt is further secured by the annual payment to a sinking fund of about \$250,000 which will grow larger as bonds of this issue are redeemed.

\$250,000 which will grow larger as bonds of this issue are redeemed.

In the interest of the reorganization plan the United States not only should contribute its share towards the reduction of fixed charges, but may be expected to be liberal. It did not subsidize too Union Pacific Railway company for profit, but on political grounds, and if satisfied with the security for the principal sum, and assured of the ability of the company to perform its charter duties, it may be content with a moderate income.

income.

4. The bill authorizes and provides to be entire. secured by a third mortgage of the entire property (called the general mortgage), and to be assued for the purposes as fol-L. These are to be used in funding and

refunding, by exchange or otherwise, out-standing obligations. This funding and refunding process is expected and required to result in a great reduction of fixed

Sintes and guaranteed rentals of the com-pany after bonds are issued shall not exceed \$8,500,000, this limitation by cutting down

United States is utilized by the caucellation of such part as consists of existing first mortgage bonds and by placing the balance of it with the secretary of the treasury as additional security for the new bonds accepted by the United States.

7. A plan of re-organization has not yet been formulated. Probably but little progress can be made with such a plan until the requirements of the government are clearly assertained. It has been claimed

clearly ascertained. It has been claimed the government should content itself with prescribing what it will accept in payment of its debt and leave all the other terms of a reorganization to be settled by the di-rectors and stock holders interested. It would be grossly improvident for the United States to assent to a plan which was not known in advance and which was not thus ascertained to be such that was not thus ascertained to be such that under it the reorganization com-mittee may be expected to per-manently operate its road and fulfill all its private and public obligations. A plan of that obsracter would simply A pian of that character would simply bring the government within a stort time face to face with the same conditions that now confront it. The government aught not to consent to a scheme which it does not know to be framed on principles of justice to sill parties. While permitting the private interests involved all possible initiate, the proposed bill puts limitations which are simply what sound policy and justice requires. So the entire scheme of reorganization must be satisfactory to and receive the co-operation of the law officers of the government, and the bill also proof the government, and the bill also provides in terms that the plan of reorganization shall confer the same rights, privileges and benefits and impose the same conditions upon all members of each class without discrimination or preference.

and benefits and impers of each class without discrimination or preference.

S. It being highly improbable that differences should not arise respecting the rights of parties under the plan of reorganization, the bill prevides a forum by which that on the bill prevides a forum by which the shall be adjusted. The forum suggested is the court of appeals of the District of Columbia. It may be singuested that until a plan of reorganization, in he half of the private interests, congress should remain passive. Until the requirements of the United State are authoritatively by defined, however, the private parties are without the ground work upon which any reorganization plan must rest. The bill will furnish that ground, will put creditors and stockholders in possession of the exact conditions they have to deal with, and enable them to agree upon a pian of reorganization. How largely the United States in its creditor capacity is interested in the success of such a pian, has perhaps, been already sufficiently as the property is interested in the success of such a pian, has perhaps, been already sufficiently as the property is the success of such a pian, has perhaps, been already sufficiently as the property is the success of such a pian, has perhaps, been already sufficiently as the property is the success of such a pian, has perhaps, been already sufficiently as the property is the property to the property is the property of the property is the property to the property of the property and the property of the property ington.

In Cincinnati.

Cincincati, O., April 26.—The Odd Fellows of this city utilized tonight for the principal ceremonics colcurring the seventy-fifth anniversary of the founding of the order.

NIGRATORY MINERS.

Pittsures, Kan., April 26.—Ose headed that much more is involved than the exect per cent to be collected on the public debte. Congressmen charters the universary of the founding of the order.

Pittsures, Kan., April 26.—Ose header that much more is involved than the exect per cent to be collected on the public debte. Congressmen charters on the express conditions that it should transmit it dispatches, Ala., where they will be distributed smong the various coal miner in Alabama, to take the piace of striking miners in that section.

GERMAN Y. P. S. C. E.

Tiffin, O., April 26.—The second annea in that section.

GERMAN Y. P. S. C. E.

Tiffin, O., April 26.—The second annea in that section of the following officers. President, Rev. J. Emssing San Danky, O. In the United States closed tonight with the election of the following officers. President, Rev. J. Emssing San Danky, O. In Secure of the States and territories traversed by the road place of cases this lar is 462. One particular and the features of the public of the straing recorders members and supported to the public of the straing from the service of the straing for correcting the straing for correcting the straing from the general members of the public of the straing from the general members of the public and of the public stores for the public of the straing from the general members and territories traversed by the road ground of the following officers. President, Rev. J. Emssing San Danky, O. In Section 19 and the straing from the general members of the public store for the public of the straing from the general members of the public store for the public and the straing from the general members of the public store for the public and the straing from the general members of the public and the straing from the general members of the public and

live property, be a principal factor in the growth and prosperity of the many communities served by it only when the control of the courts, which can do no more than preserve the existing status, is superassied by the control of owners who can deal with it on the principles applicable to all business enterprises.

I am surhorised to say that special consel of the United States is Union Pacific matters, the Hon George Hoadley of New York, of whose valuable aid and co-operation in the preparation of the proposed will I have freely availed myself, entirely agrees in the expediency of such legislation and in the views expressed in this report.

There is much satisfaction in congressional circles over the prospect of a settlement of the Union Pacific debt. Attorney General Olney's plan of settlement is to be presented to the house committee on Pacific railroads tomorrow and the road's plan will be presented next Tuesday. In the meantime reports come from Beston, where the annual meeting of the Union Pacific was held yesterday, that the government and the road have reached an agreement.

Chairman Reilly of the Pacific road's committee, said the agreement, if it had been reached, would greatly simplify the

Washington, April 26—Attorney General Otney today sent to congress a draft of a bill prepared by the department of justice, as the representative of the government for the reorganization of the Union Pacific railroad company and a readjustment of the claims of the United States against that company. The main features of legislation proposed in the plan submitted are as follows:

The existing corporation is to be preserved. That ought to be done without resort to the process of foreclosing its items; if it should turn out otherwise, however, the bill provides for foreclosure by sale or otherwise, and if by sale authorizes a reorganization plan conforming to the provisions of the act and most favorable to the United States.

Chairman Rellly of the Pacific road's committee, said the agreement, if it had been reached, would greatly simplify the question. It would still be necessary to have congress approve it, yet it overcame the great difficulty of disagreement, being the parties most in interest. The agreement, as reported from Boston is for a refunding of the big debt. Mr. Rettly says this is the plan in favor in the committee and generally preferred in previous congresses. The most significant feature of the sgreement is that it disposes of the greement, as reported from Boston is for a refunding of the big debt. Mr. Rettly says this is the plan in favor in the committee and generally preferred in previous congresses. The most significant feature of the sgreement is that it disposes of the greement is that it dispose

the United States.

2 The existing first mortgage bonds for \$33,539,512, less amount of bonds in sinking fund, to be cancelled; \$7,619,000 are to be renewed and extended at a lower tate of interest, (not exceeding 5 per cent) with a provision for a sinking fund estimated at sufficient to extinguish the dobt mated at sufficient to extinguish the dobt mated at sufficient to extinguish the dobt provided by the material of the bonds.

Three Clube are Tied.

The outcome of yesterday's games among the league clubs was to bring Baston Cleveland and St. Louis out of the buseh and put them in the van with Paffin close behind them. Ansen's colts are still at the post. All the clubs played yesterday and the winners were: Publishedyesterday and the winners were: Pulladel phia, Boston, Cleveland, St. Louis, Pitts-

burg and New York. The record to date Baltimore.

National League. At Baltimore-Batteries-Inks, Baker, Brown and Rus-inson; Merritt, Stivetter and Stanley. Umpire-Hurst. Time-2:15. At Cinciunati-

Batteries-Subgart and Glesson, Abbay and Schriver, Umpire-McQuaed, Time-At Louisville-

Louisville......000000100-140 Pittsburg.....0002001*-551 Batteries-Kilrov and Grun; Killen and Mack, Umpire-Swarswood, Time-155.

Batteries-Rhettger and McFarland; Harger and Kreig, Umpire-Sheridau. Time-150. At Sloux City— R H E Sinux City.......1 0 0 3 0 2 0 2 4-12 17 3 Minnespoils.....1 1 0 0 0 1 5 1 1-10 7 2 Barteries-Cunningham and Kraus-Duryea and Wilson, Umpire-Baker, Time-2 At Lucoln-

Lincoln......Omaha..... SAN FRANCISCO, April 28 -First race-Five and a-haif furiotigs: Monita won; King Sam second; Chula third. Time,

King Sam second; Chula third. Time, 1913;
Second—Pive Indones: Keimer won;
Victory second; Captain Coster third.
Time, 196.
Third—Six and s-half forloags: Jake
Alien won; Promise second; Victress third.
Time, 1:25.
Fourth—One mile: Agitator won; de
Bracey second; Artist third. Time, 1:45%.
Fitth—Six forloags: Zobair won,
Rayal Fitab second; Trentois third. Time,
1:35%.

St. Louis. April 16.—First race. Nine-sixteenths of a mile: Chilton won; Trac-more second; Derringer third. Time 176 Second—Five fariouge; Mantle won; Silence second; Wrestler third. Time 1:05% Third-Half mile: Dr. Work Time 32%.
Fourth-Nine sixteenths of a mile: Ix on won; Bully White second; Alze third.